SPAIN AND THE RECONQUISTA (711-1492)
Description
Through the investigation of primary and secondary sources, students in this lesson will identify, understand and be able to explain the details of the Reconquista, how Muslim forces came to rule over Christian Iberia, the cultural contributions Spanish Moors developed, and ultimately what led to their downfall after such a long rule.

Subjects
World History, European History, US History

Grade Level
11-12

Duration
90 minutes

Tour Links
• Plaza de Colon, Madrid
• Cathedral of Seville
• Royal Cathedral of Granada
• Alcazar of Toledo

Essential Questions
• Where was Al-Andalus? Who were the Moors? How were they able to conquer Christian Iberia in the 7th century CE?
• What was the Reconquista? How were Christian knights and monarchs able to re-take the Iberian Peninsula from their Moorish neighbors?
• What role did Ferdinand and Isabella play in the Reconquest?
• Is there anything left of Moorish culture in modern Spain?
Academic Summary

… and there was no one who did not weep abundantly with pleasure giving thanks to Our Lord for what they saw, for they could not keep back the tears; and the Moorish sultan and the Moors who were with him for their part could not disguise the sadness and pain they felt for the joy of the Christians, and certainly with much reason on account of their loss, for Granada is the most distinguished and chief thing in the world …

Contemporary Christian account (unnamed) of the surrender of Granada to Spanish forces, 02 Jan 1492

On 02 Jan 1492, Muhammad XII, Sultan of Granada and last ruler of the Nasrid dynasty, surrendered the Emirate of Granada to King Ferdinand II of Aragon and Queen Isabella I of Castile, united Catholic Monarchs of Spain. The Reconquista was over. For over 700 years, Christian soldiers and kingdoms had been fighting Muslims for control of the Iberian Peninsula. Seven centuries of fighting were over. Seven centuries of division were over. Seven centuries of Moorish control were over. Catholic Spain would go on to explore and dominate the New World. Spanish institution, religious practices and language dialects would be brought to the corners of the globe. Over the next few centuries, through the use of the Catholic Inquisition and Auto-da-fe practices, Muslims in Spain were forced to leave the peninsula, forced to convert to Catholicism or executed by the state as criminals. Over time, much of Moorish Spain (known as Al-Andalus) was forgotten by a Christian population determined to show the Reconquista as God’s will. Historians today contrast the Iberian Reconquista with the Crusades of the Holy Land.

Through the investigation of primary and secondary sources, students in this lesson will identify, understand and be able to explain the details of the Reconquista, how Muslim forces came to rule over Christian Iberia, the cultural contributions Spanish Moors developed, and ultimately what led to their downfall after such a long rule.

Objectives

1. Students will identify, understand and be able to explain the details of the Reconquista in Iberia from the early days of the Moorish conquest to the collapse of the last Muslim stronghold in 1492.
2. Students will identify, understand and be able to explain the contributions to art, architecture, language and culture that the Moors made to Spanish culture.
3. Students will identify, understand and be able to explain what happened to the Moors in Spain, how Christian forces were able to complete the Reconquista, and whether a legacy of the fight still exists in modern Spain.
Procedure
I. Anticipatory Set
   • Writing / Question: What does the word “crusade” mean today? (5 min)
   • Handouts – Copies of documents and readings from the websites listed. (5 min)

II. Body of Lesson
   • Lecture / PPT – The Spanish Reconquest (20 min)
   • Video – Moorish Spain (15 min)
   • Independent Activity – Students read the articles and sources on the Reconquista, taking notes as appropriate. (20 min)
   • Suggestion: Have the students read some of these articles and sources for homework before class.
   • Group Activity – Socratic Seminar: Discussion on the Reconquista, why it succeeded and whether there is any legacy of the conflict today in Spain. (15 min)

III. Closure
   • Assessment / DBQ – Essay: Explain in detail how Spanish Christians were able to retake the Iberian Peninsula.

Extension
On tour: Plaza de Colón, Madrid
While on tour, students visit the Plaza de Colón in Madrid, where they will find a monument to Columbus. As this lesson shows, the famous explorer had to wait until the completion of the Reconquista in 1492 to make his first voyage. The explorer and his descendants fought the Spanish Crown for many years over what the explorer believed were his rights under various crown proclamations. Ferdinand II and Isabella I, the Catholic Monarchs who completed the Reconquista, are buried in Granada.
Web Links
Lesson Plan Websites

• fordham.edu/halsall/source/711Tarik1.asp
  “Al Maggari: Tarik’s Address to His Soldiers, 711 CE, from the Breath of Perfumes” (primary source) – from the Muslim leader who led the conquest of Hispania

• exploremed.com/Reconquista.asp
  Islamic Spain and the Reconquista (interactive map) – highly recommended for students and teachers

• heritage-history.com/www/
  heritage.php?Dir=wars&FileName=wars_reconquista.php
  Reconquista 717-1492: Christian Kingdoms of Spain vs. Moslem Moors (website)

• libro.uca.edu/
  LIBRO: The Library of Iberian Resources Online (website) – tremendous online resource by the American Academy of Research Historians of Medieval Spain – contains many primary and secondary sources – highly recommended for students and teachers.

• islamic-arts.org/2011/when-spain-was-islamic/
  “Islamic Arts and Architecture: When Spain was Islamic” (article)

• http://www.slideshare.net/chusteacher/the-christian-kingdoms-the-spanish-reconquest
  The Christian Kingdoms: the Spanish Reconquest (PowerPoint) from Maria Jesus Campos, history teacher at IES Parque school in Madrid, Spain

• youtube.com/watch?v=ULptVmaMjYw
  Historic Centre of Cordoba (video) – UNESCO TV video

• youtube.com/watch?v=wBsDDGCIFLQ&list=PL3823597FA2408AE8
  When the Moors Ruled in Spain (video) – UKNova video (this is the first part of 11), originally shown on British television, does a great job in explaining the history of Moorish Spain and its link to today’s culture. Highly recommended for students and teachers.

• teachingchannel.org/videos/choosing-primary-source-documents?fd=1
  Reading Like a Historian: Primary Source Documents (video) – great 2 minute video on how to incorporate primary sources into the Common Core and history classes – from Shilpa Duvoor of Summit Preparatory Charter High School in Redwood City, CA – highly recommended for teachers.

• pbs.org/programs/citiesoflight/
  “Cities of Light: The Rise and Fall of Islamic Spain” – PBS website

• islamicspain.tv/For-Teachers/LessonPlans.htm
  “Cities of Light: The Rise and Fall of Islamic Spain” – lesson plans in PDF format – these lesson plans go directly with the video listed below.

• youtube.com/watch?v=k0R2FjvVTeI
  “Cities of Light: The Rise and Fall of Islamic Spain” (video) – PBS video (produced by Unity Productions Foundations) – although almost 2 hours long, it is well worth watching. Highly recommended for students and teachers.
Background Information

- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Al-Andalus
  “Al-Andalus” – Wikipedia article
  “Umayyad conquest of Hispania” – Wikipedia article.
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reconquista
  “Reconquista” – Wikipedia article
- passports.com/group_leaders/on_the_road/spain/madrid
  On the Road: Madrid – city facts from Passports Educational Travel
- passports.com/group_leaders/on_the_road/spain/cordoba
  On the Road: Cordoba – city facts from Passports Educational Travel
- passports.com/group_leaders/on_the_road/spain/granada
  On the Road: Granada – city facts from Passports Educational Travel

Other Relevant Passports Lesson Plans

  Conquistadores in the New World – Pizarro and the Incas
- www.passports.com/lesson_plans/spain/al-andalus-islamic-spain
  Al-Andalus: Islamic Spain
- www.passports.com/lesson_plans/spain/reconquista-of-iberia
  Reconquista in Iberia
- www.passports.com/lesson_plans/turkey/byzantine-istanbul-fall-of-constantinople-1453
  Byzantine Istanbul – Fall of Constantinople 1453
Key Terms

• Al-Andalus
• Cordoba
• Ferdinand II and Isabella I
• Granada
• Iberian Peninsula
• Islam
• Madrid
• Medieval
• Moorish Culture
• Mosque
• Reconquista